



**DY-003-1014002**

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Sc. (Sem. IV) (CBCS) Examination**

**April - 2022**

**Physics : Paper - 401**

**(Thermodynamics & Electronics) (New Course)**

**Faculty Code : 003**

**Subject Code : 1014002**

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :**
- (1) Symbols and notations have their usual meaning.
  - (2) Total marks of the question is indicated on the right side of the question.
  - (3) Attempt any five questions out of the following ten questions.

- 1 (a) Give the correct answers of following questions : 4
- (1) What is Mayer's formula ?
  - (2) Define Zeroth law of thermodynamics.
  - (3) Can work be done by a system without changing its volume ? (Yes or No)
  - (4) If the work is done by some external agency on the system then  $\Delta W$  is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (b) Find the efficiency of the Carnot's engine working between the steam point and the ice point. 2
- (c) Discuss Quasi static process, Isothermal process and adiabatic process. 3
- (d) Discuss Porous plug experiment. 5
- 2 (a) Give the correct answers of following questions : 4
- (1) The first law of thermodynamics is a statement of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (2) Define Isochoric process.
  - (3) What is heat engine ?
  - (4) If the heat is taken by the system than  $\Delta Q$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (b) An inventor claims to have developed an engine working in between 800 K to 300 K capable of having efficiency 65%. Comment on his claim. 2
- (c) Discuss reversible and irreversible process. 3
- (d) Explain Carnot cycle. 5
- 3 (a) Give the correct answers of following questions : 4
- (1) What is the SI unit of entropy ?
- (2) The entropy of a system increases in all \_\_\_\_\_ processes.
- (3) Define Stefan - Boltzman law.
- (4) At absolute zero temperature, the entropy tends to \_\_\_\_\_.
- (b) 1 kg of water at 273 K is brought in contact with a heat reservoir at 373 K. What is the change in entropy of water as its temperature reaches 373 K? 2
- (c) Write note on Temperature - Entropy diagram. 3
- (d) Discuss the principle of increase of entropy. 5
- 4 (a) Give the correct answers of following questions : 4
- (1) The concept of entropy was first introduced by \_\_\_\_\_.
- (2) At absolute zero temperature, the entropy tends to \_\_\_\_\_.
- (3) For a completely black body, spectral emissive power is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (4) Define Wien's displacement law.
- (b) Calculate the energy radiated per minute from the filament of an incandescent lamp at 1500 K if the surface area is  $5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2$  and its emittance is 0.85.  $[\sigma = 5.7 \times 10^{-8} \text{ MKS unit}]$  2
- (c) What is a black body ? Explain Wien's black body. 3
- (d) Discuss Stefan - Boltzman law in detail. 5
- 5 (a) Give the correct answers of following questions : 4
- (1) A thermodynamic potential is a \_\_\_\_\_ quantity.
- (2) What is Gibbs free energy (G) ?
- (3) The Helmholtz energy is commonly used for system held at constant \_\_\_\_\_.
- (4) What is the specific heat equation for a perfect gas ?

- (b) Find the increase in the boiling point of water at 100°C when the pressure is increased by one atmosphere. Latent heat of vaporization of steam is 540 cal/gram and 1 gram of steam occupies a volume of 1700 cm. 2
- (c) Derive the formula for Maxwell's 4<sup>th</sup> relation. 3
- (d) Derive an equation for Maxwell's thermodynamical relation and express the formula for Maxwell's first thermodynamical relation. 5
- 6** (a) Give the correct answers of following questions : 4
- (1) What is Enthalpy ?
- (2) What is Maxwell's second relation ?
- (3) Clausius - Clapeyron's equation is also known as \_\_\_\_\_ equation.
- (4) The grand potential is used for \_\_\_\_\_ processes in open system.
- (b) By using Maxwell's thermodynamical relations, 2
- show that 
$$\left(\frac{\partial C_p}{\partial P}\right) = T \left(\frac{\partial^2 S}{\partial P \partial T}\right) = -T \left(\frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial T^2}\right)_p.$$
- (c) Derive TdS equations. 3
- (d) Discuss Joule - Thompson effect with its co-efficient. 5
- 7** (a) Give the correct answers of following questions : 4
- (1) FET works on the basis of \_\_\_\_\_ field effect.
- (2) A JFET is a \_\_\_\_\_ controlled device.
- (3) Convert the decimal into binary :  
(23)<sub>10</sub> = \_\_\_\_\_.
- (4) What is the full form of LSD ?
- (b) A JFET has a drain current  $I_D = 2.5 \text{ mA}$ ,  $R_D = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$ , 2
- $R_S = 200 \Omega$ ,  $V_{DD} = 40 \text{ V}$  find out  $V_{DS}$  and  $V_{GS}$ .
- (c) Discuss the advantages of JFET. 3
- (d) Discuss the Construction and working of UJT. 5

- 8 (a) Give the correct answers of following questions : 4
- (1) What is the unit of transconductance ?
  - (2) Q - point term is related to UJT characterization. [True / False]
  - (3) What is the boolean expression for Ex - OR gate ?
  - (4) For the Boolean expression  $(A + A) \square (B + C) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
- (b) Prove  $\overline{A \square B} + \overline{A} + A \square B = 0$ . 2
- (c) Discuss Analog and Digital signal. 3
- (d) Why NAND and NOR gates are known as universal logic gate ? Explain in detail with appropriate diagram. 5
- 9 (a) Give the correct answers of following questions : 4
- (1) All the ac bridges are based on \_\_\_\_\_ bridge.
  - (2) The perfect balance can be obtained only in the case of air capacitor for De Sauty's bridge. [True/False]
  - (3) An Oscillator converts \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (4) LC oscillators are suitable for generating \_\_\_\_\_ frequencies.
- (b) At what frequency does a  $1\text{K}\Omega$  resistor in series with a  $2\text{H}$  choke coil offer an impedance of  $1200\Omega$ ? 2
- (c) Explain Kohlraush's bridge in detail. 3
- (d) Explain Maxwell's LC bridge in detail. 5
- 10 (a) Give the correct answers of following questions : 4
- (1) What is the use of Owen's Bridge ?
  - (2) Except in special cases, all ac bridges involve a single balance. [True/False]
  - (3) How many phase shift is produced by single RC section in phase shift oscillator ?
  - (4) What is tapped in Hartley oscillator ?
- (b) In the phase shift oscillator  $R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = 1\text{M}\Omega$  and  $C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = 68\text{pF}$ . Find the frequency of oscillator. 2
- (c) Discuss Wien Bridge oscillator. 3
- (d) Explain phase shift oscillator in detail. 5